The following lesson plan assignment description and assessment rubric is a required element in the student teaching application and admission process.

Candidates. Submit your completed lesson plan to a teacher education or content faculty of your choosing for assessment. When you have achieved a passing score, include this entire packet with your student-teaching application materials.

Faculty. Use the attached rubric to assess the candidate's lesson plan; complete the following summary table prior to returning the scored lesson plan to the candidate.

Lesson Plan Elements	NI	EC	С	0	Score
InTASC 7.1 Goals/Objectives/Standards					
Progression 1					/4
Progression 2					, 1
Progression 3					
InTASC 7.3					
Progression 1					/4
Progression 2					, -
Progression 3					
Anticipatory Set					/4
Purpose					/4
Adaptations: Diverse StudentsACEI Standard 3.2					/4
Lesson Presentation ACEI Standard 2.3					/4
Critical Thinking and Problem Solving ACEI Standard 3.3					/4
Check for Understanding					/4
Review/Closure					/4
Independent Practice/ Extending the Learning					/4
Formal and Informal Assessment ACEI Standard 4.0					/4
InTASC 7.2					
Progression 1					/4
Progression 2					/4
Progression 3					
Integration of Technology					/4
Reflection and Post-Lesson Analysis					/4
		Tota	l (passing	= 42/56)	

Scoring Guide. Check the box that corresponds to the rating you gave to each element of the lesson plan. Add the individual element scores (NI=1; EC=2; C=3; O=4) to calculate the total lesson plan score.

Note to faculty

When used for submission in methods course, include data for ACEI standards on collaborative site. When used for student-teaching admission, all categories apply. No individual element score < 2

Lesson Plan is:

Approved

Not Approved; revisions and resubmission required.

Faculty Assessor

Candidate

Date



Elementary Education Lesson Plan Assignment Description and Assessment Rubric 2007 ACEI Standards

Administration and Purpose. While your lesson plans will be assessed multiple times throughout your program of study, your "official" lesson plan is assessed as part of the materials you will submit with your student teaching admission application. You will choose your assessor from the teacher education faculty.

The lesson plan assessment has three related purposes. The first and perhaps most obvious is to document your ability to plan effective instruction; this is one of the hallmarks of the best, most successful teachers. These teachers consider not only the needs of their students as they plan, but also multiple pathways to achieve learning goals for each lesson so that each students becomes a successful learner. The second purpose is to habituate you to the instructional cycle. It consists of planning for and delivering instruction, assessing student learning, modifying future lessons based on assessment data, followed by planning for new lessons. The cycle does not end until all students learn the intended material. The third, overarching purpose of the lesson plan assessment is to provide you with the means to internalize the discipline necessary to become a successful teacher. The fact is that no teacher, no matter how talented, will ever achieve long-term effectiveness with diverse populations of students without developing the self-discipline necessary to plan effective instruction, consistently, over time.

Content of Assessment. The lesson plan assessment is divided into the following sections:

<u>Readiness</u>. Preparing the groundwork for effective instruction.

<u>Plan for Instruction</u>. The blueprint that guides your instruction for each lesson.

<u>Plan for Assessment</u>. Your plan for determining how well your students learn what you teach.

<u>Reflection and Post-Lesson Analysis</u>. One of the characteristics of the most successful teachers is that they reflect on their teaching. They think about what went well and what could be improved in each lesson, and they take steps to make each lesson better than the last.

In addition to these lesson plan elements, this assessment also includes the following alignments:

- Association for Childhood Education International (ACEI) 2007 standards. The IWU Elementary education program is nationally recognized by ACEI; this assessment is one of several used to affirm the strength of our program by that organization.
- Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (InTASC). The InTASC Standards outline the common principles and foundations of teaching practice that cut across all subject areas and grade levels and that are necessary to improve student achievement. The ten InTASC Standards are incorporated into this assessment, and are divided into four categories:
 - ✓ Learner and Learning (InTASC Standards 1, 2 and 3)
 - ✓ Content (InTASC Standards 4 and 5)
 - ✓ Instructional Practice (InTASC Standards 6, 7 and 8)
 - ✓ Professional Responsibility (InTASC Standards 9 and 10)
- Diversity Thread. Teacher candidates are expected to teach all students well.
- Technology Thread. Teacher candidates are expected to integrate technology into their teaching as a means to improve student learning.

Criterion for Success. Candidates must achieve a rating of Competent to pass this assessment. For this assessment, Competent is defined as 80% or more of all rubric elements scored as competent or higher. No domain or assessment element may be scored as Needs Improvement.

Indiana Wesleyan University Elementary Education Lesson Plan Template 2007 ACEI Standards

READINESS

- I. Goals/Objectives/Standard(s)
 - A. Goal(s)—Unit (broad terms)
 - B. Objective(s)—(specific terms); Provide: 1.) conditions; 2.) desired learning; 3.) observable behavior; and 4.) accuracy (as necessary)
 - C. Standard(s): Professional Society/State/District
- II. Materials- Time per lesson element, space, behavior, materials (include all)
- III. Anticipatory Set
 - This is a "bridge" from the past learning to present learning
 - Must be understood by all
- Opportunity to hook your students and motivate them- not a time for teaching the new material
- IV. Purpose: must be stated to the students! Why do they need to learn this?

PLAN FOR INSTRUCTION

V. Adaptation to Diverse Students-- Demonstrate your understanding of the development and approaches to learning unique to the students in this class as you describe the specific instructional opportunities provided in this lesson.

(ACEI 3.2)

- VI. Lesson Presentation (Input/Output)
 - Include a variety of teaching strategies that encourage elementary students' development of critical thinking and problem solving.
 - o active participation
 - multiple levels of questions
 - modeling/monitoring
 - Guided practice. Teacher models; students complete exercises with the teacher; the teacher checks for understanding before students work alone (ACEI 3.3)

- VII. Check for understanding. How do you know students have learned? What strategies will you implement if all students have not met lesson outcomes? Employ **one or more strategies** to determine student learning.
 - Reteach: whole group, small group, individuals
 - If student understanding has gone well, students are ready to complete a task with less teacher support (could be individual or group work).
 - The planned tasks or assignment must relate directly to learning outcomes.

VIII. Review learning outcomes / Closure

PLAN FOR ASSESSMENT

Develop a plan for assessing the degree to which your students have mastered the learning outcomes from this lesson. Your plan should include formal and informal assessment strategies to evaluate and strengthen instruction that will promote continuous intellectual, social, emotional, and physical development of each student. (ACEI 4.0)

REFLECTION AND POST-LESSON ANALYSIS

- 1. How many students achieved the lesson objective(s)? For those who did not, why not?
- 2. What were my strengths and weaknesses?
- 3. How should I alter this lesson?
- 4. How would I pace it differently?
- 5. Were all students actively participating? If not, why not?
- 6. What adjustments did I make to reach varied learning styles and ability levels?
 - a. Bloom's Taxonomy
 - b. Gardner's Multiple Intelligences

c.

Include additional self-answer questions that specifically address unique lesson content and methodology.

Indiana Wesleyan University Elementary Education Lesson Plan Design and Assessment Rubric

NOTE: InTASC progressions have been added to this lesson plan assessment rubric. These progressions describe the increasing complexity and sophistication of teaching practice for each core standard across the three developmental levels: Progression 1 is approximately equal to IWU practicum 1 expectations; Progression 2 is approximately equal to IWU practicum 2 expectations; and Progression 3 is approximately equal to student teaching expectations. Please use the following descriptors to assess the InTASC Progressions embedded in the lesson plan:

InTASC Progressions Legend

<u>Emerging Competence</u>: The candidate demonstrates awareness of the Progression expectations and occasionally includes them in his or her planning, but has not yet reached a level of consistency that would indicate a rating of competence.

0r...

The candidate incorporates some Progression elements, but omits or underemphasizes others in his or her lesson planning.

<u>Competent</u>. The candidate regularly and consistently incorporates Progression expectations in his or her lesson planning.

<u>Outstanding</u>. The candidate's depth of insight and quality of work is distinctly superior to normally-accepted standards.

	Needs Improvement	Pr	ogressio	n 1	Pr	ogressio	n 2	Pr	ogressio	n 3
Goals/ Objectives/ Standards InTASC 7.1 The candidate selects, creates, and sequences learning experiences and performance tasks that support learners in reaching rigorous curriculum goals based on content standards and cross- disciplinary skills.	The candidate does not use curriculum materials or content standards to identify learning objectives; <i>Or</i> He or she does not plan or sequence common learning experiences or performance tasks linked to the objectives; <i>Or</i> He or she does not identify learners who need additional support or acceleration; <i>Or</i> He or she does not integrate technology into instructional plans.	and co identify objectif And • Plans a commo experie perform the lea makes learner And • Identifi addition acceler learnin suppor And • Integra	urriculum m ntent standa measurabl ves; and sequen- on learning ences and nance tasks rning object content rele	ards to e learning ces linked to ives; evant to who need and/or esigns es to ess; ogy	The candi Refines based c student and his develop And Plans a and leas build cro And Structur work wi prerequ steady p	learning obj on an unders learning pro or her stude	tanding of ogressions ents' esources ences that ary skills; he plan to o build upport	The cand Collab in ider learnin long-tw And Works identif achiev of reso experi And Incorp a varie ways manag expan learne	ion 2 And idate porates with tifying pers ng objective erm goals; with learner y pathways vement usin porces and ences; orates tech ety of innova in planning ging learner ding options r choice, an nenting perf	onalized s to reach ers to to goal g a range learning nology in ative (e.g., records, s for id
		EC	С	0	EC	С	0	EC	С	0

Readiness

Readiness, con't.

	Needs Improvement	Progression 1	Progression 2	Progression 3	
InTASC 7.3 The candidate plans instruction by collaborating with colleagues, specialists, community resources, families and learners to meet individual learning needs.	The candidate does not use learner performance data or his or her knowledge of learners to identify learners who need learning interventions; <i>Or</i> He or she does not use learner performance data over time to inform planning.	 The candidate Uses learner performance data and his or her knowledge of learners to identify learners who need significant intervention to support or advance learning; And He or she uses data on learner performance over time to inform planning, making adjustments for recurring learning needs. 	 Progression 1 And The candidate Uses learner performance data and his or her knowledge of learners to identify specific learning needs of individuals and groups. 	 Progression 2 And The candidate Uses a wide repertoire of supports in planning to address individualized learner needs and interests in ongoing ways; 	
		EC C O	EC C O	EC C O	
	Needs Improvement	Emerging Competence	Competent	Outstanding	
Anticipatory Set InTASC Standard 8	The anticipatory set is missing or has little or no connection to the goal or content of the lesson.	The connection between the anticipatory set and lesson objectives and content is weak or unclear.	The anticipatory set is clear and direct and focuses students' attention on the lesson.	The anticipatory set connects the current lesson with previous and future learning and focuses students' minds and attention on the day's lesson.	
Purpose	The statement of purpose is ambiguous or worded so generally that the connection with the content of the lesson is not apparent.	A statement of purpose is included in the LP, but has little power to motivate students and capture their imaginations.	The statement of purpose is clearly connected to the content of the lesson and is presented in terms that are easily understood by students.	The statement of purpose has the power to capture the imaginations of students and motivate them to accomplish the expected learning.	

Plan for Instruction

	Needs Improvement	Emerging Competence	Competent	Outstanding
Adaptation to Diverse Students ACEI Standard 3.2 InTASC Standard 2 Diversity	Few or no instructional opportunities are included. Any instructional opportunities are not developmentally appropriate or adapted to diverse students.	Instructional opportunities are provided in this lesson; however, they are not adapted to diverse students.	Instructional opportunities are provided in this lesson. The opportunities are developmentally appropriate and/or are adapted to diverse students.	Specific instructional opportunities are provided in this lesson that demonstrate the candidate's understanding of how students differ in their development and approaches to learning. The instructional opportunities are adapted to diverse students.
Lesson Presentation InTASC Standard 5	The candidate's lesson is not developmentally appropriate. He or she does not use appropriate modeling and guided practice. The candidate's lesson does not convey the basic elements of questioning strategies.	The candidate's lesson is somewhat developmentally appropriate. The candidate's lesson includes some demonstration of modeling and guided practice The candidate's lesson conveys a limited understanding of basic questioning strategies.	The candidate's lesson demonstrates an understanding of developmentally appropriate practice. The candidate's lesson includes the basic level of modeling and guided practice The candidate's lesson conveys an understanding of question strategies.	The candidate's lesson demonstrates strong developmentally appropriate practice including a variety of ways to teach content. The candidate successfully includes multiple ways to reinforce modeling and guided practice The candidate's lesson conveys a deep understanding of questioning strategies.

Plan for Instruction, con't.

	Needs Improvement	Emerging Competence	Competent	Outstanding
Critical Thinking and Problem Solving ACEI Standard 3.3	The lesson presentation does not encourage elementary students' development of critical thinking and problem solving.	The lesson presentation includes little provision for students' development of critical thinking and problem solving.	The lesson presentation includes at least one teaching strategy that encourages elementary students' development of critical thinking and problem solving.	The lesson presentation includes a variety of teaching strategies that encourage elementary students' development of critical thinking and problem solving.
Check for Understanding InTASC Standard 4	Little or no provision is included to check for student understanding or to reteach concepts that elude students during the initial presentation.	A guided practice section is included in the lesson plan, but the connection with the lesson presentation is weak and/or unclear.	The lesson plan includes a plan and the means to check for student understanding of the lesson. A provision is included to reteach all or part of the lesson to all or part of the class.	Plans to check for student understanding of the content are an integral part of the lesson, and include frequent questions and other actively engaging forms of formative assessment during guided practice.
Review Learning Outcomes/ Closure InTASC Standard 4	Lesson closure is not included, or is not related to the goals and/or content of the lesson.	Lesson closure is weak and/or poorly written.	Lesson closure relates directly to the lesson purpose and/or objective.	Lesson closure is clearly correlated to the content of the lesson and actively engages students in summarizing the essential elements of the lesson.
Independent Practice/ Extending the Learning InTASC Standard 5	No independent practice activities are included in the lesson, or activities are unrelated to the content of the lesson.	Independent practice activities are not well conceived and/or written; student accomplishment of IP activities is not likely to result in lesson mastery	Assignments or activities are included that provide students with the opportunity to practice learned skills; All activities match lesson objectives.	Independent practice activities are highly correlated to lesson objectives and content and lead to student mastery.

Plan for Assessment

	Needs Improvement	Emerging Competence	Competent	Outstanding
	The lesson plan does not	Assessment activities are	A plan for formal and	Formal and informal
Formal and	include assessment	included in the lesson, but	informal assessment	assessments strategies
Informal	activities, or there is little	they are not well	throughout the lesson is	are a seamless and
Assessment	or no correlation between	correlated to and/or do	included. The assessment	integrated part of the
	planned assessment	not cover the full range of	strategies are uniquely	lesson. The assessments
ACEI Standard 4.0	activities and lesson goals	LP goals and objectives.	designed for the students.	are highly correlated to
InTASC Standard 6	and objectives. Any	The assessment strategies		the learning objectives
In LASC Standard 6	assessments included are	do not promote		and promote continuous
	not developmentally	development of each		intellectual, social,
	appropriate for the	student.		emotional, and physical
	students.			development of each
				student.

	Needs Improvement	Pro	ogression	1	Pro	ogressior	n 2	Pr	ogression	n 3
InTASC 7.2 The teacher plans instruction based on information from formative and summative assessments as well as other sources and systematically adjusts plans to meet each student's learning needs.	The candidate does not plan instruction using formative or summative data; <i>Or</i> He or she does not use data from formative assessments to identify adjustments in planning.	formativ data fror records together knows a including levels, p interests <i>And</i> • Uses da assessn adjustm	struction usin e and summa m digital and/ of prior perfo with what he bout learners g developmen rior learning,	tive or other or she or she ntal and tive ify ng.	The candi • Aggrega disaggre and sum identifie: these da planning <i>And</i> • Uses da assessm instructit to modif and/or tt supports individua learners	ates and egates form mative dat s patterns, ata to inform ta from form nents to ad on in the m y planned s o provide a s/ accelerat als and gro	a, and uses n mative just oment, scaffolds, dditional ion for ups of	assess learnin one so individi plans; <i>And</i> • Uses s assess to iden areas v typicall suppor	date es learners i ing their ow g and uses i urce of data Jalize and a ummative ment data c tify and plan where learne y will need a ts or accele	n this as djust over time over time for ers additional ration.
		EC	C	0	EC	С	0	EC	C	0

Instructional Technology

The candidate seeks appropriate ways to evaluate and employ technological tools, resources, and skills as they apply to specific content and pedagogical knowledge, assessment practices, and student achievement. The selection of appropriate technological tools reflects the candidate's ability to make sound instructional decisions that enable all students to achieve the expected outcomes. InTASC Standard 7

	Needs Improvement	Emerging Competence	Competent	Outstanding
Integration of	The lesson plan reflects	The lesson plan reflects	The lesson plan reflects	The lesson plan reflects
Technology	educational decision	insufficient or misaligned	educationally sound	educationally sound
	making regarding	decision making regarding	decisions regarding	decisions regarding
InTASC Standard 7	available technology that	available technology;	available technology	available technology
Technology	adversely impacts	statements indicating the	(including, but not limited	(including, but not limited
Thread	student learning and/or	use of instructional,	to, instructional and	to, instructional and
	fails to engage students	assistive, or other	assistive technologies) to	assistive technologies)
	at the necessary level to	technologies are written	support learner needs and	that engage students,
	meet lesson objectives.	in general terms or in	the curriculum.	enhance the learning
		terms unlikely to impact		process, and/or extend
		student learning.		opportunities for learning.

Evaluation

	Needs Improvement	Emerging Competence	Competent	Outstanding
Reflection and	Self-answer questions	Self-answer questions are	The lesson plan includes	Additional self-answer
Post-Lesson	are not included in the	included, but do not fit	all required self-answer	questions are included that
Analysis	lesson plan.	the content or purposes	questions.	specifically address unique
-	_	of the lesson.	-	lesson content and
InTASC Standard 9				methodology.